

1. What was the real name for Egypt?  
**a. Nubia                      b. Egypt                      c. Kemet                      d. Misr**
2. What does this word mean in the language of this Ancient people?  
**a. Classy    b. Refinement                      c. Land of the Ar                      d. Black Earth or Black Land**
3. The Red Land or Red Earth was the \_\_\_\_\_ which protected and isolated Egypt. The god \_\_\_\_\_ was associated with the Red Earth and his brother \_\_\_\_\_ was associated with the Black Earth.
4. The Egyptians for much of their history were \_\_\_\_\_ meaning they believed in many gods, but one was dominant. For a very brief time in the new Kingdom during the reign of Akhanaton they became \_\_\_\_\_. Please name 3 other Egyptian gods or goddesses.
5. What was all of the Ancient Egyptian Civilization based upon?  
**a. The geography and the annual or yearly inundation of the Ar**  
**b. The geography and the yearly flood of the Nile**  
**c. Becoming and Empire through war and taking over other civilizations**  
**d. Both a and b are correct**
6. What does the term PRE-DYNASTIC mean?  
**a. Time before the Old Kingdom**  
**b. Dynasty Zero**  
**c. The late Neolithic period**  
**d. Both a and b are correct**
7. What did the pre-dynastic Egyptians learn to do during prehistory?  
**a. cooperate                      b. irrigate                      c. build dams and levees                      d. all listed**
8. Please give the dates for each of Egypt's historical periods known as kingdoms.  
**a. Old Kingdom 2100 – 1800 BC, Middle Kingdom 1800 – 1600 BC, New Kingdom 1600 – 30 BC**  
**b. Old Kingdom 3110 – 2100 BC, Middle Kingdom 1800 – 1100 BC, New Kingdom 1100-800 BC**  
**c. Old Kingdom 2100 – 1800 BC, Middle Kingdom 1800 – 1600 BC, New Kingdom 1600 – 30 BC**  
**d. Old Kingdom 3110 – 2100 BC, Middle Kingdom 2100-1800 BC, New Kingdom 1600 – 1100 BC**
9. Who was Narmar (Menes) and when did he unite Upper and Lower Egypt?  
**a. First Pharaoh of the New Kingdom expelled the Hyksos in 1600 BC**  
**b. Last Pharaoh of the Middle Kingdom who was defeated in 1800 BC**  
**c. Conqueror of the Hittites in 1450 BC**  
**d. First Pharaoh of the first dynasty who united Egypt in 3110 BC**
10. In the OLD Kingdom where were some 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> Dynasty Pharaoh's buried?  
**a. Pyramid field at sites such as Abu Rawash, Dashur and Giza**  
**b. The Valley of the Queens**  
**c. The Valley of the Kings**  
**d. The Hidden Valley Ranch**
11. Whose pyramid was the biggest and what was the era of Egyptian history when pyramids were built?  
**a. Khafre    b. Khufu                      c. Djedefre                      d. Tutankhamun                      d. none listed**
12. Egypt expanded in the Middle Kingdom. Which pharaoh invaded Nubia and built forts?  
**a. Tutankhamun                      b. Hepshepsut                      c. Akhanaton                      d. Amemanhat**
13. What happened to Egypt toward the end of the Middle Kingdom?  
**a. The Power of the Pharaoh declined and Egypt fell apart due to Low Niles**  
**b. Egypt became the most powerful civilization ever due to High Niles**  
**c. Egypt had a great festival called Opet**  
**d. All of the above**
14. Who were the Hyksos?  
**a. Conquered Egypt while they fought civil wars, controlled Egypt for 200 years**  
**b. Conquered Egypt and were expelled by Amhose**  
**c. Brought iron and chariot technology with them into Egypt**  
**d. All of the above**

15. Which civilization may have entered into Egypt during the rule of the Hyksos?  
**a. Greeks                      b. Persians                      c. Assyrians                      d. Jews                      e. Nubians**
16. These people were enslaved after the return of Egyptian rule under the pharaoh \_\_\_\_\_.  
**a. Tutankhamun                      b. Hepshepsut                      c. Akhanaton                      d. Ahmose**
17. Some Egyptologists think they were not enslaved but were only made to serve \_\_\_\_\_.
18. Their departure or leaving of Egypt is known as the \_\_\_\_\_. Their leader \_\_\_\_\_ gave them the \_\_\_\_\_ held in the Ark of the Covenant.
19. What languages were on the Rosetta Stone? Choose 3 correct numbers please.  
**1. Coptic                      3. Demotic                      5. Ancient Greek**  
**2. Latin                      4. Mdu Nejter (Hieroglyphics)                      6. Modern Greek**
20. Who was the French linguist who translated the ancient Egyptian written language?  
**a. Scheilmann                      b. Carter                      c. Hawass                      d. Champollion**
21. What role or job did Hatshepsut have before she made herself Pharaoh?  
**a. Queen                      b. Princess                      c. Regent                      d. Priestess                      e. Tour Guide**
22. Egypt during the New Kingdom experienced a long period of time where their civilization flourished. This is known as a \_\_\_\_\_.  
**a. Empire                      b. Weakness                      c. Republic                      d. Democracy                      e. Golden Age**
23. Which letter a, b, c or d represents the greatest warrior pharaohs of Kemet?  
**a. Aha, Tutankhamen, Ay**  
**b. Tuthmosis III, Ramses II, Amhose**  
**c. Ay, Hetepsekhemwy, Reneb**  
**d. Ms. Evans, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. O'Sullivan, Mrs. Richards, Mr. Poirier**
24. Pharaohs in the New Kingdom did what to show their power?  
**a. They built great pyramids such as the ones still there today at Giza.**  
**b. Went to war because they felt like it.**  
**c. Became Monotheists**  
**d. Built great temples and obelisks to honor the gods like Amon-Ra**
25. Which Egyptian pharaoh tried to make Egypt monotheistic?  
**a. Tutankhamun                      b. Hepshepsut                      c. Akhanaton                      d. none listed**
26. Which pharaoh was not important in life except that he did return Egypt's religion to henotheism, but became important when his tomb was found by the modern archaeologist \_\_\_\_\_ in 1922.  
**a. Tutankhamun                      b. Hepshepsut                      c. Akhanaton                      d. none listed**
27. Which culture after the end of the New Kingdom did **NOT** invade Egypt?  
**a. Greeks                      b. Persians                      c. Assyrians                      d. Moabites                      e. Nubians**
28. Who invaded in 332 BC and his general started the last dynasty of Egyptian rulers?  
**a. Xerxes                      b. Darius                      c. Joshua                      d. Cleopatra VII                      e. Alexander the Great**
29. Who conquered Egypt and ended Ancient Egyptian culture in 30 BC?  
**a. Greeks                      b. Persians                      c. Assyrians                      d. Rome                      e. Nubians**
30. What great Roman general conquered Egypt? There is a month named for him.  
**a. Pompey                      b. Julius Caesar                      c. Anthony                      d. Crassus                      e. Vespasian**
31. Who was the last ruler of Ancient Egypt before Rome?  
**a. Xerxes                      b. Darius II                      c. Joshua                      d. Cleopatra VII                      e. Ptolomy**

32. What myth we read explains why the Egyptians mummified their dead?
- a. **Creation Myth of Pyramidal Mound known as the ben-ben**
  - b. **The Legend of Osiris and Isis**
  - c. **The Legend of Seth**
  - d. **The Legend of Hetepsekhemwy**
33. What myth explained why the Egyptians believed the pyramid as a holy shape?
- a. **Creation Myth of Pyramidal Mound known as the ben-ben**
  - b. **The Legend of Osiris and Isis**
  - c. **The Legend of Seth**
  - d. **The Legend of Hetepsekhemwy**
34. **What was the first concept taught in our unit on Egypt? If you understand this concept you will understand Ancient Egypt.**